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Eidgenössische Technische Hochschule Zürich  
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# THz Electronics with InP

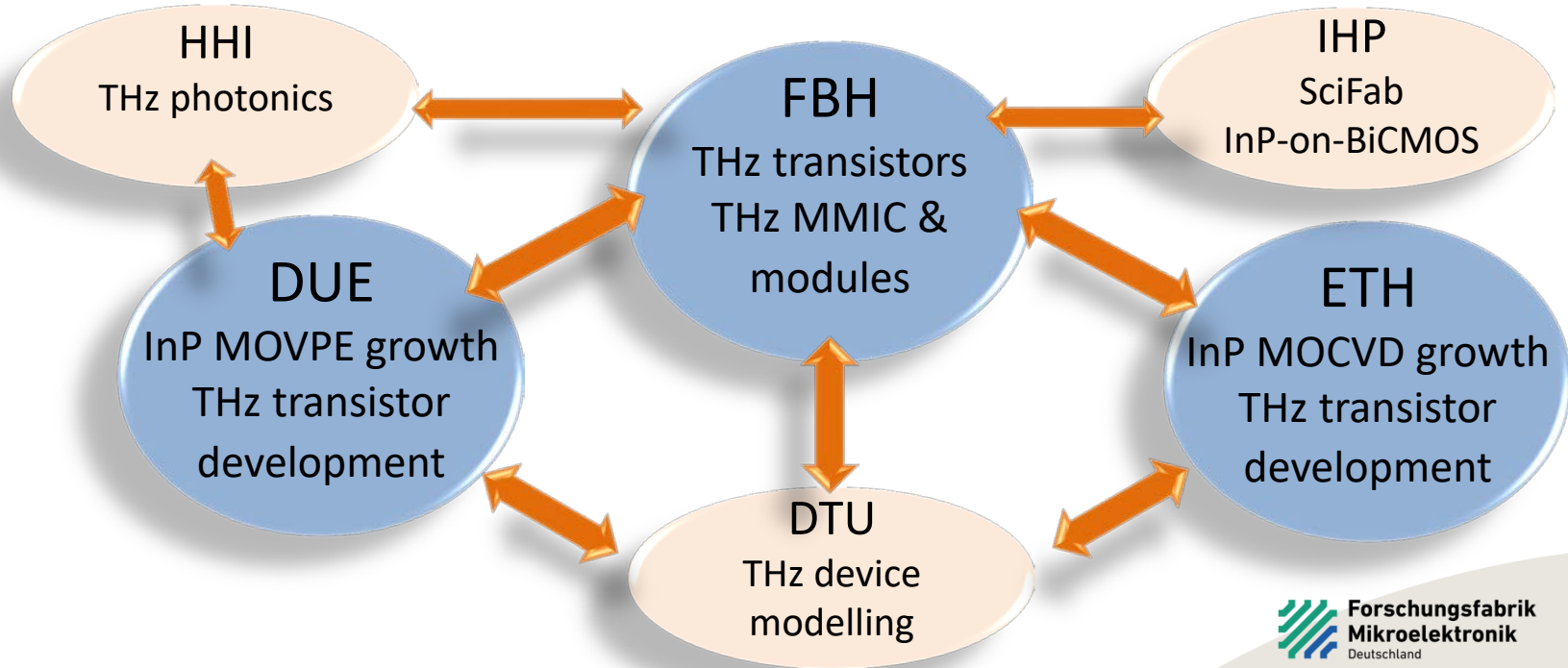
Viktor Krozer

Ferdinand-Braun-Institut Leibniz-Institut für  
Höchstfrequenztechnik

# THz Electronics Cooperative Initiative

Aim within Flagship: Establish Center for THz MMIC Electronics

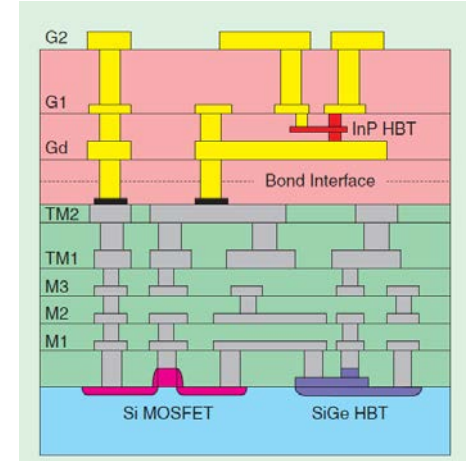
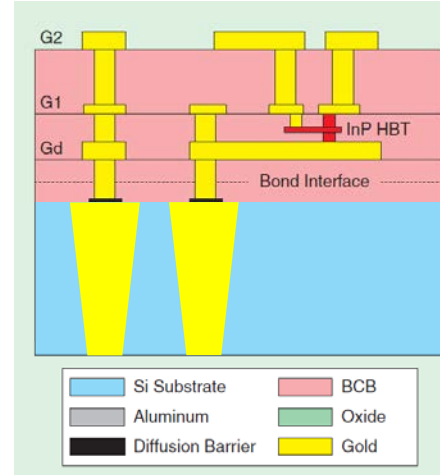
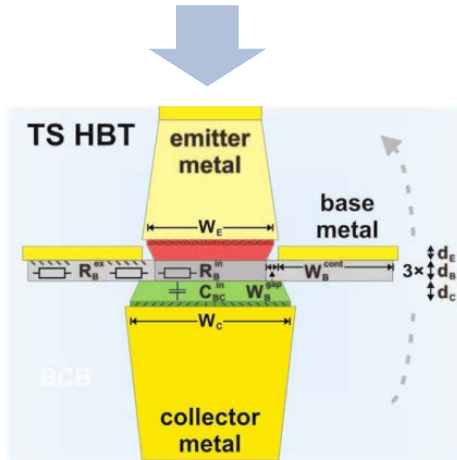
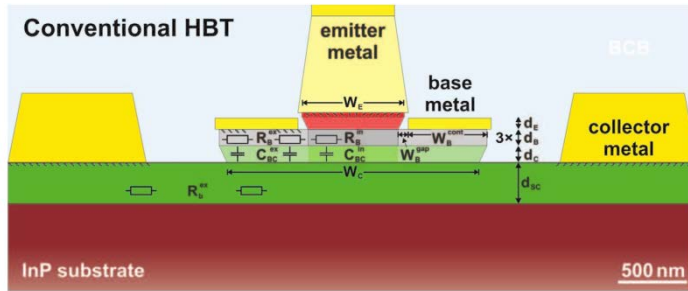
**From material ... to MMIC ... to application**



# Ferdinand-Braun-Institut – Facts & Figures

- Institute within Forschungsverbund Berlin e.V., Member of Leibniz Association
  - **Mission:** Applied research and development on III-V semiconductor devices, circuits and modules for microwave technology and optoelectronics
- 
- Staff: 290 (incl. 140 scientists & PhD candidates) from 17 nationalities
  - Budget / Turnover (2017): 33.0 M€ (incl. 18.5 M€ project revenues)
  - **Partner in Forschungsfabrik Mikroelektronik Deutschland (FMD)**
  - **Goal:** Realization of an industry compatible process line with focus on THz electronics
  - Excellent experience in large-scale project management and project calls

# Transfer substrate process



## Advantages

- Reduced parasitics → higher cut-off frequencies

$$f_{\max}^2 = \tau / 2\pi R_{bb} C_{cb}$$

- Flexible Substrate → e.g. heterointegration with BiCMOS

## Disadvantages

- Higher process complexity
- Poor thermal management  
→ (output power)

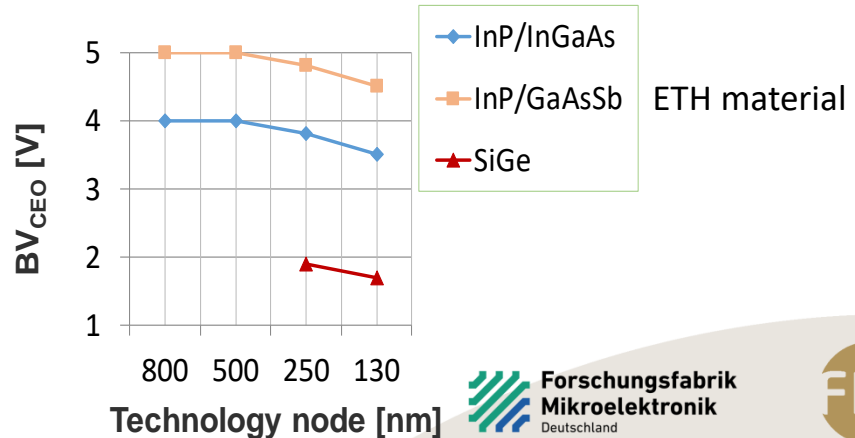
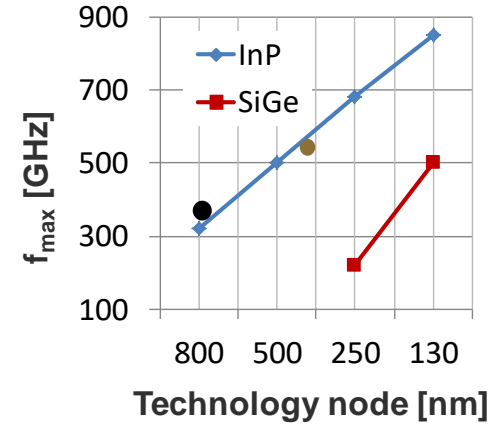
# THz electronics @ FBH

Goal: THz Electronics operating beyond  
1 THz

FBH InP & GaN technologies contribute to  
the success of THz applications in industry  
& society

- Non-destructive testing
- Wireless communications
- Imaging, Space & Security

Push the power & frequency limits  
*... with a little help from our friends*





# THz Electronics: InP-HBT MMICs

## Circuits

InP-on-BiCMOS sources (VCO & multiplier)

- 164 GHz: 7 dBm
- 328 GHz: -12 dBm

InP oscillators

- 270 GHz, 290 GHz, 480 GHz

InP frequency doublers

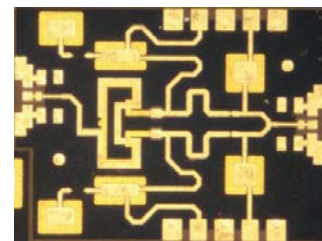
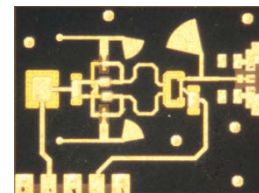
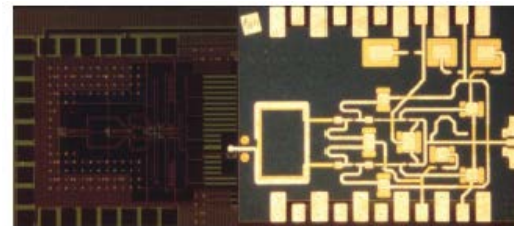
- G-band : 140 ... 220 GHz, 8 dBm @ 180 GHz

W-band and 140 GHz PA for wireless communications

- $P_{out} > 19$  dBm @ 90 GHz, PAE > 14 %

Wideband Amplifiers

- Bandwidth > 100 GHz up to 220 GHz with > 10 dBm output power & 8 dB noise figure



# THz Detection with Single Pixel THz Camera at 500 GHz

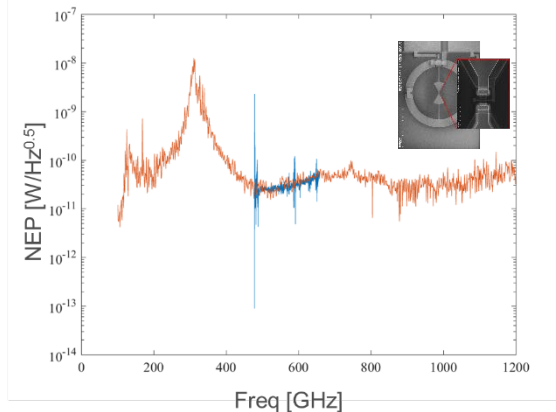
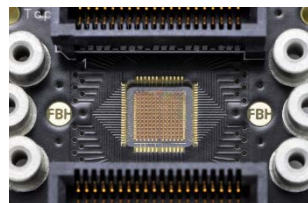
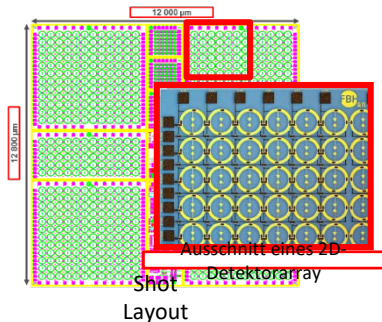
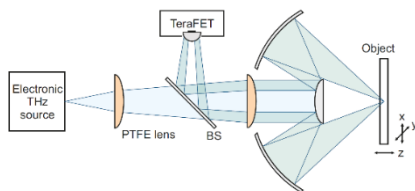
SNR = 40 dB

Raster scan => long acquisition time

Excellent NEP  $\sim 26 \text{ pW/Hz}^{0.5}$  [1]

Excellent pulse performance [2]

Schwarzschild Optics



[1] Maris Bauer et al, „Optimization of the Design of Terahertz Detectors Based on Si CMOS and AlGaIn/GaN Field-Effect Transistors”, Intern. J. High Speed Electronics and Systems Vol. 25, Nos. 3 & 4 (2016) 1640013

[2] K. Ikamas et al., "Efficient detection of short-pulse THz radiation with field effect transistors," 2017 International Conference on Noise and Fluctuations (ICNF), Vilnius, 2017, pp. 1-4.

# SciFab - Vertical Layer Stackup and Interconnects

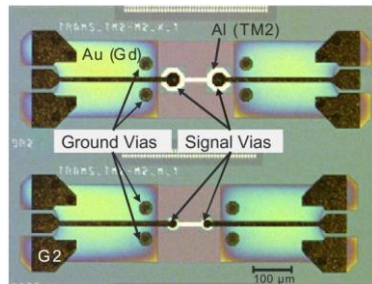
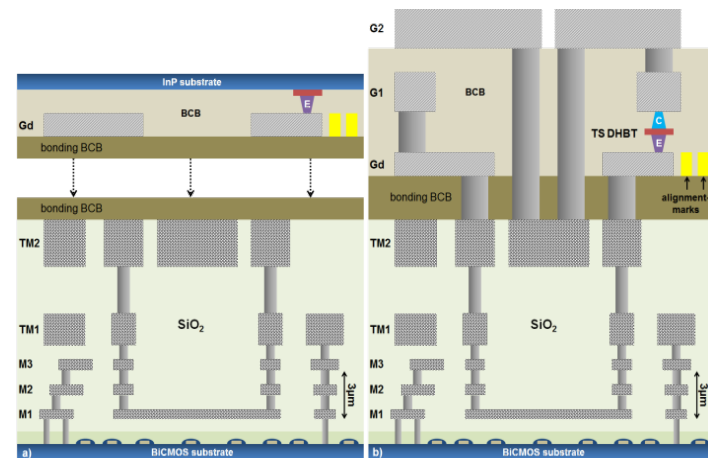
## InP HBT module

- 3 Au 2μm/4μm metal layers on BCB
- 800/500 nm InP DHBT single- and double finger,  
 $f_T/f_{\max} = 350/550$  GHz,  
 $I_{C,\max} = 40$  mA
- MIM capacitor & thin film resistor

## Full BiCMOS process IHP SG250 (optionally with TSV instead of BiCMOS stack)

### Vias:

- InP G2 → Gd
- InP G1 → Gd
- BiCMOS TM2 → M1
- BiCMOS TM1 → M1



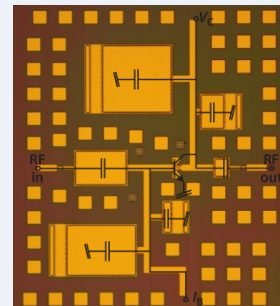
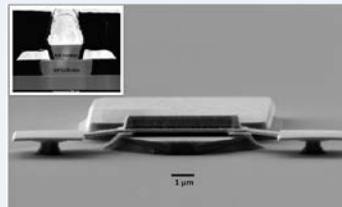
**Low-loss vertical RF transitions between InP and BiCMOS layer stacks (< 0.5 dB @ 320 GHz)**

**Optimized with 3D EM**



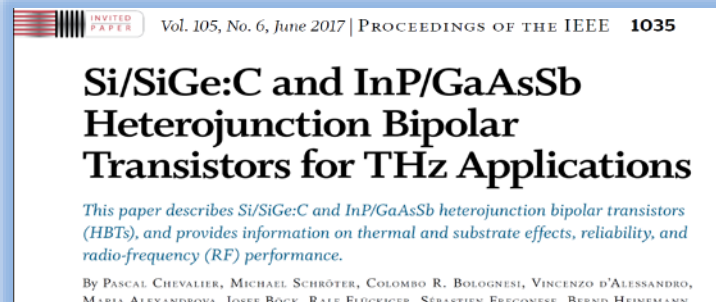
## InP Double Heterojunction Bipolar Transistors (DHBTs)

- 4G Phones Rely on Multiple Technologies
- Pioneering Expertise in InP/GaAsSb DHBT Materials
  - High-Speed T&M Equipment Manufacturers Use InP DHBTs in Key Blocks (@ SSI-MSI Levels)
  - Adopted by *Agilent/Keysight* (in production since 2004)
  - *Teledyne-Lecroy* also Adopted InP DHBTs for 100 Gbit/s
  - 600 GHz also Demo`ed by *NTT Japan*
  - Heterogenous Integration Becoming Widespread
- Full In-House Fabrication (MOCVD to MMICs)
  - The only THz  $f_{\text{MAX}}$  DHBT Demonstrated in Europe so far...
- $f_T \times BV > 2.4 \text{ THz-V}$  (Highest of any Bipolar Technology)
  - $f_{\text{MAX}} \times BV > 3.8 \text{ THz-V}$
- Record Performance MMICs Demonstrated in FBH Process Based on ETH Epi



**Contact:**

**Prof. Dr. Colombo Bolognesi**  
**Millimeter-Wave Electronics Group (MWE)**  
<http://www.mwe.ee.ethz.ch/>



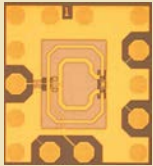
# THz Electronics Research @ University of Duisburg: Materials, Devices and Integration

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## Complete research value chain: from materials to validation

- expertise in **THz HBT**, **RTD** and THz IR diode development, THz MMIC and module integration
- **Indium Phosphide** epitaxial growth
  - **MBE** for Resonant Tunneling Diodes
  - **MOVPE** for submicron and nanowire InP HBTs
- **500 m<sup>2</sup> cleanroom** specialized for III/V components
- high frequency **test equipment**, e.g.
  - S-parameter measurements up to 500 GHz, funding for extension to 1.5 THz approved



THz-InP-HBT-VCO



THz-InP-RTD

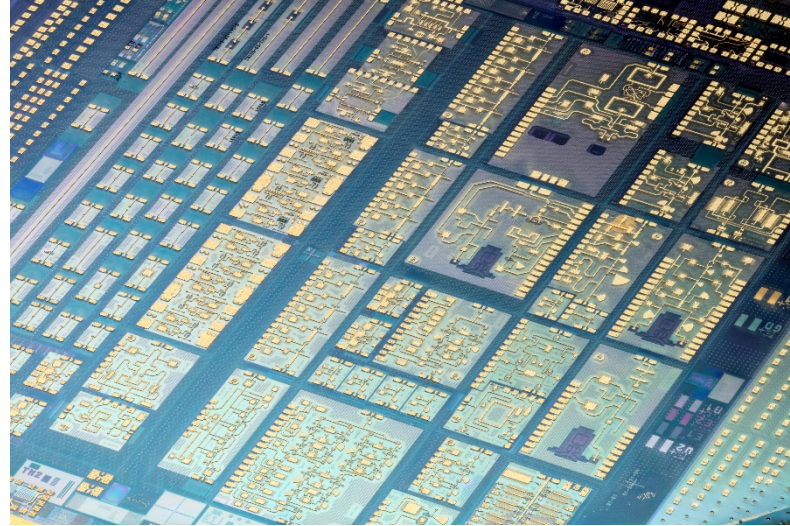
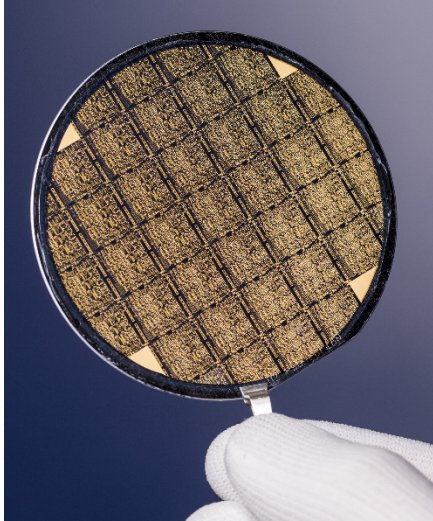


InP MOVPE



Duisburg Center for Semiconductor Technology and Optoelectronics (ZHO)

- *participant in major **DFG THz** collaborative research center **SFB/TRR MARIE***
- *part of **BMBF ForLab** micro- and nanoelectronic university research initiative*
- *strong collaboration with **BMBF FMD consortium**, in particular with **FBH** (THz HBT) and **HHI** (THz OE)*
- *interaction with EU microelectronic and optoelectronic industry*
- *member of **EU TeraApps ITN**, etc.*
- *extensive joint research with **ETHZ** and **DTU***



Thank you.